

.03 Second Level Reliability Documents

The second level of reliability documents ALSO requires an [MA identity document](#) to prove identity. The second level of reliability documents that verify MA citizenship are as follows:

- U.S. birth certificate.
- An on-line data match screen print with the Arizona Department of Vital Records through the AHCCCS Citizenship Verification System. This is used by FAA to verify birth for participants born in Arizona 1950 and later.
- Certificate of Birth Abroad (FS-545 or DS-1350).
- Report of Birth Abroad (FS-240).
- U.S. Citizen ID card (I-197 or I-179). These cards were issued until 1983 to naturalized U.S. citizens living near the Canadian or Mexican borders who needed the card for frequent border crossings.
- Northern Mariana Identification Card (I-873) issued by USCIS to a collectively naturalized U.S. citizen born before November 03, 1986.
- An American Indian card (I-872) issued by USCIS with the classification code KIC.
- Proof of employment as a U.S. government civil servant before June 01, 1976.
- Finalized adoption papers that shows birth in the U.S.

NOTE When the adoption is not finalized and the state will not release a birth certificate, a statement from the adoption agency showing the participant's name and place of birth is acceptable.

- Military Papers, when U.S. citizenship is indicated.
- U.S. consular official's statement. Given to a participant born outside the U.S. who derives citizenship through a parent but does not have an FS-240, FS-545, or DS-1350.
- Marriage certificate showing marriage to a U.S. male citizen before September 22, 1922.
- Department of Homeland Security (DHS), [Verification Information System](#) (VIS), response that validates U.S. citizenship