.04Procedure: Budgeting Odd Jobs



This section provides information about procedures for budgeting odd jobs.

Procedures

For new and renewal applications, use the income received in a 30-day income period without converting the income to a monthly amount.

For a participant who performs odd jobs occasionally, irregularly, or infrequently budget the participant's income as actual income.

Budget actual income using the appropriate budget month or income period when **any** of the following apply:

- Income is received with no established frequency.
- The frequency is unpredictable.

NOTE When a participant works for themselves and not an employer, see <u>self-employment</u> for more information.

Documentation must support determinations of eligibility and benefit level. Documenting in sufficient detail includes *all* of the following:

- Ensure that any reviewer can assess whether the determination is reasonable and accurate.
- Include specific information regarding the reason for how the income is budgeted.

(See Income Documentation Requirements for more information about documentation.)

When the participant is present, have them sign the Authority to Release (FAA-1765A) form to contact any companies or businesses involved. The FAA-1765A can be faxed or emailed to the participant's employer when it is not possible to use the Application for Benefits (FAA-0001A) or the HEAplus Authority to Release signed statement.

AZTECS Keying Procedures

Income received occasionally, irregularly, or infrequently, key **all** of the following on EAIC or UNIC:

- The appropriate Income Type Code in the INC TYPE field
- The income SUB TYP code as needed
- OC in the FREQ field
- Date the income is received in the DATE PAID field
- The gross amount of each paid date in the GROSS AMOUNT

NOTE When a participant has received more than eight paychecks during the income budgeting period, manually total the gross income and hours before entering the income into AZTECS.

Prior Policy

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